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Amendments to the Claims

Claims 1 – 47 (Previously Canceled)

48. (Amended) A method for producing a compound having the formula VI

comprising

(a) reacting a compound having the formula III

$$R^{4}O$$
 $COOR^{3}$ N O III

with PX₃, wherein X is fluoride, chloride, bromide, or iodide, to produce a halogenated lactam;

(b) reacting the halogenated lactam produced in step (a) with a phosphite having the formula P(OR⁶)₃, wherein R⁶ is substituted or unsubstituted, branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl, branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl substituted with one to three groups selected from cyano.

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hydroxy, aryl, halogen, -OR, -CO₂ R, and -OCOR, or substituted or unsubstituted-C₃ to C₈ cycloalkyl, or C₃ to C₈ cycloalkyl substituted with one to three groups selected from cyano, hydroxy, aryl, halogen, -OR, -CO₂ R, and -OCOR, to produce a phosphonated lactam; and

(c) reacting the phosphonated lactam produced in step (b) with an aldehyde having the formula HC(O)R² in the presence of a base,

wherein steps (a), (b), and (c) are performed in situ, and

wherein R1, R2, R3 and R4 are, independently, substituted or unsubstituted, branched or straight chain C1 to C20 alkyl; branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₀ alkyl substituted with one to three groups selected from cyano, hydroxy, aryl, halogen, -OR, -CO2 R, and -OCOR; substituted or unsubstituted C3 to C₈ cycloalkyl; C₃ to C₈ cycloalkyl substituted with one to three groups selected from cyano, hydroxy, aryl, halogen, -OR, -CO2 R, and -OCOR; substituted or unsubstituted C₆ to C₂₀ aryl; C₆ to C₂₀ aryl substituted with one to three groups selected from C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, halogen, carboxy, cyano. C₁-C₆-alkanoyloxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, C2-C6-alkoxycarbonyl, C2-C6-alkanoylamino, -OR', SR', -SO2R', -NHSO2R' or -NHCO₂R'; or substituted or unsubstituted C₄ to C₂₀ heteroaryl, or a 5- or 6membered aromatic ring containing 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, which may be substituted with up to three groups selected from C1-C6-alkyl, C1-C6-alkoxy, halogen, C1-C6-alkylthio, aryl, arylthio, aryloxy, C2-C6-alkoxycarbonyl and C2-C6-alkanoylamino; R is C1 to C₆ alkyl and R is phenyl, naphthyl, or phenyl or naphthyl substituted with one to three groups selected from C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or halogen; R¹, R^2 and R^4 may, independently, be hydrogen; and n is from 0 to 5 $\underline{2}$.

Claims 49 and 50 (Previously Canceled)

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- 51. (Amended) The method of Claim 48 wherein n is 2 and R1 is hydrogen.
- 52. (Previously Added) The method of Claim 51 wherein R² and R³ are methyl.
- 53. (Previously Added) The method of Claim 51 wherein R² is methyl and R³ is ethyl.
- 54. (Previously Added) The method of Claim 52 wherein R⁴ is methyl or ethyl.
- 55. (Previously Added) The method of Claim 53 wherein R⁴ is methyl.
- 56. (Previously Added) The method of Claim 52 or 53 wherein R⁶ is methyl or ethyl.
- 57. (Previously Added) The method of claim 48 wherein the base is non-hydroxide base with a pKa of about 13 or above.
- 58. (Previously Added) The method of claim 57 wherein the base is an amidine base or a guanidine base.
- 59. (Amended) The method of claim 57 wherein the base is 1,5-diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene (DBN), 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), or tetramethylguanid tetramethylguanidine.